§ 29.2404

that the grade is not needed or appears in insufficient volume to justify its

§29.2404 Rule 13.

Length shall be stated in connection with each grade of the A, B and C groups and may be stated in connection with the grades of other groups. The standard tobacco sizes shall be used.

[51 FR 40406, Nov. 7, 1986]

§29.2405 Rule 14.

The standard tobacco size 2 shall be used to designate X group tobacco of M or G color when such tobacco is 20 inches or over in length.

[51 FR 40406, Nov. 7, 1986]

§29.2406 Rule 15.

Uniformity shall be expressed in percentages. These percentages shall govern the portion of a lot which must meet each specification of the grade. The minor portion must be closely related but may be of a different group, quality, and color from the major portion. Specified percentages of uniformity shall not affect limitations established by other rules.

§29.2407 Rule 16.

Injury tolerance shall be expressed in percentages. The appraisal of injury shall be based upon the percentage of affected leaf surface or the degree of injury. In appraising injury, consideration shall be given to the normal characteristics of the group.

§29.2408 Rule 17.

Any lot of tobacco of the B, C, or X groups containing over 30 percent of mixed color or variegated leaves or over 30 percent of mixed color and variegated leaves combined shall be classified as "mixed" and designated by the color symbol "M."

§29.2409 Rule 18.

Any lot of tobacco containing 20 percent or more of green leaves or any lot which is not crude but contains 20 percent or more of green and crude com-

bined shall be designated by the color symbols "G", "GL", or "GD".

[45 FR 47115, July 14, 1980]

§29.2410 Rule 19.

Crude leaves shall not be included in any grade of any color except green, light green, or dark green. Any lot containing 20 percent or more of crude leaves shall be designated nondescript.

[45 FR 47115, July 14, 1980]

§29.2411 Rule 20.

Tobacco damaged under 20 percent but which otherwise meets the specifications of a grade shall be treated as a subgrade by placing the special factor "U" after the grademark. Tobacco damaged 20 percent or more shall be designated "No-G."

§29.2412 Rule 21.

Sound tobacco that is wet or in doubtful-keeping order but which otherwise meets the specifications of a grade shall be treated as a subgrade by placing the special factor "W" after the grademark. This special factor does not apply to tobacco designated "No-G."

§29.2413 Rule 22.

Tobacco shall be designated No Grade, using the grademark "No-G," when it is classified as dirty, nested, offtype, semicured, premature primings, damaged 20 percent or more, extremely wet or watered or when it needs to be reworked, contains foreign matter, or has an odor foreign to type.

§29.2414 Rule 23.

Tobacco that is semifired but which otherwise meets the specifications of a grade shall be treated as a subgrade by placing the special factor "SF" after the grademark. This factor does not apply to tobacco designated "No-G".

[51 FR 40406, Nov. 7, 1986]

GRADES

§29.2436 Wrappers (A Group).

This group consists of leaves usually grown at or above the center portion of the stalk. Cured leaves of the A group

show a low percentage of injury affecting wrapper yield. Wrappers are high in oil, very elastic, and have a smooth leaf surface.

U.S. grades	Grade names and specifications
A1F	Choice Medium-brown Wrappers. Medium body, ripe, firm, rich in oil, elastic, strong, bright finish, deep color intensity, broad, 95 percent uniform, and 5 percent injury tolerance.
A2F	Fine Medium-brown Wrappers. Medium body, ripe, firm, rich in oil, elastic, strong, clear finish, deep color intensity, spready, 90 percent uniform, and 10 percent injury tolerance.
A1D	Choice Dark-brown Wrappers. Heavy, ripe, firm, rich in oil, elastic, strong, bright finish, deep color intensity, broad, 95 percent uniform, and 5 percent injury tolerance.
A2D	Fine Dark-brown Wrappers. Heavy, ripe, firm, rich in oil, elastic, strong, clear finish, deep color intensity, spready, 90 percent uniform, and 10 percent injury tolerance.

§29.2437 Heavy Leaf (B Group).

This group consists of leaves usually grown at or above the center portion of the stalk. These leaves have a pointed tip, tend to fold, are heavier in body than those of the X or C groups, and show no ground injury. Choice- and fine-quality leaves of this group have a distinctive, smooth leaf surface.

U.S. grades	Grade names and specifications
B1F	Choice Medium-brown Heavy Leaf. Medium body, ripe, firm, oily, semi- elastic, strong, bright finish, deep color intensity, broad, 95 percent uni- form, and 5 percent injury tolerance.
B2F	Fine Medium-brown Heavy Leaf. Medium body, ripe, firm, oily, semi- elastic, strong, clear finish, deep color intensity, spready, 90 percent uni- form, and 10 percent injury tolerance.
B3F	Good Medium-brown Heavy Leaf. Medium body, mature, firm, oily, semielastic, normal strength, clear finish, moderate color intensity, normal width, 80 percent uniform, and 20 percent injury tolerance.
B4F	Fair Medium-brown Heavy Leaf. Medium body, mature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, dull-finish, pale color intensity, narrow, 70 percent uniform, and 30 percent injury tolerance.
B5F	Low Medium-brown Heavy Leaf. Medium body, mature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, dull finish, pale color intensity, narrow, 60 percent uniform, and 40 percent injury tolerance.
B1D	Choice Dark-brown Heavy Leaf.

U.S. grades	Grade names and specifications
	Heavy, ripe, firm, oily, semielastic, strong, bright finish, deep color inten- sity, spready, 95 percent uniform, and 5 percent injury tolerance.
B2D	Fine Dark-brown Heavy Leaf. Heavy, ripe, firm, oily, semielastic, strong, clear finish, deep color inten-
	sity, spready, 90 percent uniform, and 10 percent injury tolerance.
B3D	Good Dark-brown Heavy Leaf. Heavy, mature, firm, oily, semi- elastic, normal strength, clear finish, moderate color intensity, normal width, 80 percent uniform, and 20
B4D	percent injury tolerance. Fair Dark-brown Heavy Leaf. Heavy, mature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, dull finish, pale color
B5D	intensity, narrow, 70 percent uniform, and 30 percent injury tolerance. Low Dark-brown Heavy Leaf. Heavy, mature, close, lean in oil,
B3M	inelastic, weak, dull finish, pale color intensity, narrow, 60 percent uniform, and 40 percent injury tolerance. Good Mixed Color Heavy Leaf. Medium to heavy body, mature, firm, oily, semielastic, normal strength
B4M	and width, 80 percent uniform, and 20 percent injury tolerance. Fair Mixed Color Heavy Leaf. Medium to heavy body, mature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, nar-
B5M	row, 70 percent uniform, and 30 per- cent injury tolerance. Low Mixed Color Heavy Leaf. Medium to heavy body, mature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, nar-
B3G	row, 60 percent uniform, and 40 per- cent injury tolerance. Good Green Heavy Leaf. Medium to heavy body, mature, firm, oily, semielastic, normal strength, clear finish, normal width, 80
B4G	percent uniform, and 20 percent injury tolerance. Fair Green Heavy Leaf. Medium to heavy body, immature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, dull
B5G	finish, narrow, 70 percent uniform, and 30 percent injury tolerance. Low Green Heavy Leaf. Medium to heavy body, immature, close, lean in oil, inelastic, weak, dull
	finish, narrow, 60 percent uniform, and 40 percent injury tolerance.

§29.2438 Thin Leaf (C Group).

This group consists of leaves usually grown at the center portion of the stalk. These leaves normally have a rounded tip, are thinner in body than those of the B group, and show little or no ground injury. Choice- and fine-quality tobacco of this group has a distinctive, smooth leaf surface.

U.S. grades	Grade names and specifications
C1L	Choice Light-brown Thin Leaf.